SAFETY DATA SHEET



TOTALLY DEFEND – TDWUM: PART A RESIN

Infosafe No.: LQ9LT ISSUED Date: 22/04/2025 ISSUED by: WORX PLUS PTY LTD

SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION

GHS Product Identifier

TOTALLY DEFEND - TDWUM: PART A RESIN

Company Name

WORX PLUS PTY LTD (ABN 36 664 352 229)

Address

56 Jersey Road, Bayswater VIC 3153 Australia

Telephone/Fax Number

Tel: 1300 897 873

Emergency phone number

131 126

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Floor Sealer

Disclaimer

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SECTION 2 - HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification of the substance/mixture

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety Regulations, Australia.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

SECTION 3 — COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

| NAME | CAS | PROPORTION |
|--|-------------|------------|
| Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline free | 112945-52-5 | 0-<7% |
| Dipropylene glycol methyl ether | 34590-94-8 | 0-<5% |
| Ingredients determined not to be hazardous | | Balance |



SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms develop and/or persist seek medical attention.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth thoroughly with water. Seek medical attention.

Skin

Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

Eye contact

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed out completely. If symptoms develop and/or persist seek medical attention.

First Aid Facilities

Eyewash and normal washroom facilities.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically.

Other Information

For advice in an emergency, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131126) or a doctor at once.

SECTION 5 – FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, water fog or mist, foam, or carbon dioxide.

Hazards from Combustion Products

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Specific Hazards Arising From The Chemical

This product is not readily combustible. However, it will break down under fire conditions and the organic component may burn. Not considered to be a significant fire risk. Heat may cause expansion or decomposition with violent rupture of containers.

Decomposition Temperature

Not available

Precautions in connection with Fire

Fire fighters should wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode and full protective clothing to prevent exposure to vapours or fumes. Water spray may be used to cool down heat-exposed containers. Fight fire from safe location. This product should be prevented from entering drains and watercourses.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Spillage may be slippery. Place inert absorbent, non-combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations.



SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid inhalation of vapours and mists, and skin or eye contact. Use only in a well ventilated area. Keep containers sealed when not in use. Prevent the build up of mists or vapours in the work atmosphere. Do not use near ignition sources. Do not pressurise, cut, heat or weld containers as they may contain hazardous residues. Maintain high standards of personal hygiene by washing hands prior to eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of ignition, oxidising agents, strong acids, foodstuffs, and clothing. Protect from humid air and water. Keep containers closed when not in use, securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Have appropriate fire extinguishers available in and near the storage area. Take precautions against static electricity discharges. Use proper grounding procedures. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.

Recommended Materials

Metal can or drum.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limit values

No exposure standards have been established for this material, however the available exposure limits for ingredients are listed below:

Fumed silica (respirable dust)

TWA: 2 mg/m³

Dipropylene glycol methyl ether

TWA: 50 ppm, 308 mg/m³

NOTE: Sk

TWA (Time Weighted Average): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour working day, for a five-day week.

'Sk' Notice: Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

Source: Safe Work Australia

Biological Monitoring

No biological limits allocated.

Control Banding

Not available

Engineering Controls

Provide sufficient ventilation to keep airborne levels as low as possible. Where vapours or mists are generated, particularly in enclosed areas, and natural ventilation is inadequate, a flameproof exhaust ventilation system is required. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning ventilation requirements.

Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

Eye and Face Protection

Safety glasses with side shields, chemical goggles or full-face shield as appropriate should be used. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337(series) - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.



Hand Protection

Wear gloves of impervious material such as PVC. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves -Selection, use and maintenance.

Thermal Hazards

No further relevant information available.

Body Protection

Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| PROPERTIES | DESCRIPTION | PROPERTIES | DESCRIPTION |
|---|---------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| Form | Liquid | Appearance | Milky liquid |
| Colour | Milky | Odour | Slight odour |
| Melting Point | Not available | Boiling Point | >100°C |
| Decomposition Temperature | Not available | Solubility in Water | Miscible |
| Specific Gravity | 1.04 | рН | Not available |
| Vapour Pressure | 2.3 kPa | Relative Vapour Density (Air=1) | >1 |
| Evaporation Rate | Not available | Odour Threshold | Not available |
| Viscosity | Not available | Volatile Component | <50 g/L |
| Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water (log value) | Not available | Density | Not available |
| Flash Point | Not available | Flammability | Not flammable |
| Auto-Ignition Temperature | Not available | Flammable Limits - Lower | Not available |
| Flammable Limits - Upper | Not available | Oxidising Properties | Not available |

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Reacts with incompatible materials.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not available

Conditions to Avoid

Heat, open flames and other sources of ignition.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidising agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization

Not available



SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicology Information

No toxicity data available for this material. The available acute toxicity data for the ingredient/s is/are given below.

Acute Toxicity - Oral

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether

LD50 (rat): 5135 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity - Dermal

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether

LD50 (rat): >19020 mg/kg

Ingestion

Ingestion of this product may irritate the gastric tract causing nausea and vomiting.

Inhalation

Inhalation of mists and vapours generated at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin

May be irritating to skin. The symptoms may include redness, itching and swelling. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation and dermatitis.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether

Skin (rabbit): 238 mg - mild

Skin (rabbit): 500 mg (open) - mild

Eye

May be irritating to eyes. The symptoms may include redness, itching and tearing.

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether

Eye (human): 8 mg - mild

Eye (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild

Respiratory Sensitisation

Not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser.

Skin Sensitisation

Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Not considered to be a carcinogenic hazard.

Reproductive Toxicity

Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

STOT - Single Exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

STOT - Repeated Exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Aspiration Hazard

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

No ecological data available for this material. The available ecological data for the ingredients is given below:

Persistence and degradability

Oipropylene glycol monomethyl ether Water/Soil/Air - Persistence: High

Mobility

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether

Mobility in soil: Low (KOC= 10)



Bioaccumulative Potential

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether Bioaccumulative potential: Low (BCF = 100)

Other Adverse Effects

Not available

Environmental Protection

Prevent this material entering waterways, drains and sewers.

Acute Toxicity - Fish

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether LC50 (fish): >1930 mg/L/96h

Acute Toxicity - Daphnia

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether EC50 (crustacea): 1930 mg/L/48h

Acute Toxicity - Algae

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether EC50 (algae or other aquatic plants): >969 mg/L/72h NOEC (algae or other aquatic plants): 969 mg/L/72h

Hazardous to the Ozone Layer

This product is not expected to deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Considerations

The disposal of the spilled or waste material must be done in accordance with applicable local and national regulations. To minimise personal exposure, refer to Section 8 — Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport Information

Road and Rail Transport (ADG Code):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code) (7th edition).

Marine Transport (IMO/IMDG):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

Air Transport (ICAO/IATA):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

UN Number

None Allocated

Proper Shipping Name

None Allocated

Transport Hazard Class

None Allocated

Special Precautions for User

Not available

IMDG Marine pollutant

Transport in Bulk

Not available



SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulatory Information

Not classified as hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety Regulations, Australia.

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP). (exempted)

Poisons Schedule

Not Scheduled

Montreal Protocol

Not listed

Stockholm Convention

Not listed

Rotterdam Convention

Not listed

International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)

Not available

Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Act 1994

Not available

Basel Convention

Not listed

SECTION 16 – ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

Date of Preparation

SDS Reviewed: April 2025 Supersedes: August 2019

Version Number

2.0

Literature References

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.

Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Code of Practice for Supply Diversion into Illicit Drug Manufacture.

National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern.

Agricultural Compounds and Veterinary Chemicals Act.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs.

Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs).

Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade.

Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and Their Disposal.

International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code.

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants.

Adopted biological exposure determinants, American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (7th revised edition).

Code of Practice: Managing Noise and Preventing Hearing Loss at Work.



Contact Person/Point

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END OF SDS

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